

$$f(x) = g_3(g_2(g_1(x)))$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R}^d \quad g_1: \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m \quad g_2: \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m \quad g_3: \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\nabla f = \begin{pmatrix} \partial f / \partial x_1 \\ \vdots \\ \partial f / \partial x_d \end{pmatrix}$$

$$J_1 = \text{Jac}(g_1) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial g_{1i}}{\partial x_j} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\nabla f = (J_3 \ J_2 \ J_1)^T$$
$$J_3 (J_2 \ J_1)$$

$$(J_3 \ J_2) J_1$$

$$\underbrace{J_3}_{\in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times m}} \underbrace{(J_2 \ J_1)}_{\in \mathbb{R}^{m \times m}} \underbrace{J_1}_{\in \mathbb{R}^{m \times d}}$$

1)  $(J_2 \ J_1) \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times d} \Rightarrow m d m$  multiplications to compute it

2)  $J_3 (J_2 \ J_1) \Rightarrow m d$  multiplications  
 $\underbrace{J_3}_{\in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times m}} \underbrace{(J_2 \ J_1)}_{\in \mathbb{R}^{m \times d}}$   
 Cost is  $m d m + m d$

1)  $J_3 \ J_2 \Rightarrow m m$  multiplications

2)  $(J_3 \ J_2) J_1 \Rightarrow m d$  mult. Cost is  $m m + m d$

Assumptions:  $d \geq m \geq m \geq 1$

cel:

$$mdm + md \Rightarrow mm + md$$

So  $J_3 (J_2 J_1)$  is more costly  
and we prefer  $(J_3 J_2) J_1$

$$x \rightarrow g_1 \rightarrow g_2 \rightarrow g_3$$